This specification covers requirements for materials, manufacture, and application of asphalt-rubber as a stress absorbing membrane (SAM) or a stress absorbing membrane interlayer (SAMI). This specification shall consist of an application of a combined reacted mixture of paving grade asphalt cement and ground recycled tire rubber followed immediately with a cover material.

1.0 BASE MATERIALS

1.1 Asphalt Cement

Asphalt cement for the asphalt-rubber mixture shall be PG 58-28 or PG 64-28, complying with the requirements of appropriate state or local specifications. The grade selected shall be based on laboratory testing by the asphalt-rubber supplier.

1.2 Anti-stripping Agent

If required, an anti-stripping agent that is heat stable and approved for use by the Agency shall be incorporated into the asphalt-rubber material at the dosage required by the job-mix formula (up to 1.0% by weight of asphalt). It shall be added to the asphalt cement prior to blending with the ground rubber.

1.3 Rubber

The ground rubber shall be vulcanized rubber produced from the ambient temperature processing of scrap, pneumatic tires. The ground rubber shall meet the following gradations: No substitutions will be accepted.

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<th>Sieve Size</th>
<th>% Passing</th>
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<td>2.00 mm, (#10)</td>
<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td>1.18 mm, (#16)</td>
<td>90 – 100</td>
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<tr>
<td>0.60 mm, (#30)</td>
<td>25 – 75</td>
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<tr>
<td>0.18 mm, (#80)</td>
<td>0 - 20</td>
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The use of rubber of multiple types from multiple sources is acceptable provided that the overall blend of rubber meets the gradation requirements. The length of the individual rubber particles shall not exceed 3 mm, (1/8”). The rubber shall be accepted by certification from the rubber supplier.

1.4 Aggregate
The aggregate shall conform to the requirement of appropriate state or local specifications for crushed stone. All stone shall satisfy a 35% maximum for the L.A. Abrasion Test (AASHTO T-96) and a 30% maximum for the Flakiness Index Test (NFP 18-561). The aggregate shall be pre-heated to a temperature between 93°C and 149°C, (200°F and 300°F) and be pre-coated with 0.4% – 0.8% (by weight of aggregate) of PG 58-28, PG 64-28 or PG 64-22 asphalt cement prior to application. It is recommended that the aggregate gradation meets AASHTO #67, 7 or 8. Percent passing the 0.075 mm (#200) sieve shall not exceed 2.0%, wet washed. A representative sample of the proposed aggregate shall be furnished to the Asphalt Rubber Supplier to determine design application rates.

2.0 ASPHALT-RUBBER MIXING AND REACTION

2.1 Mixing and Reaction

The percent of ground rubber shall be 18% +/- 3% by total weight of reacted asphalt cement and ground rubber. The ground rubber shall be weighed in a feed hopper equipped with load cells and a digital scale readout to assure proper asphalt/rubber proportioning.

The temperature of the asphalt shall be between 177°C and 218°C, (350°F and 425°F), at the time of addition of the ground rubber. The asphalt and rubber shall be combined and mixed together in a blender unit and reacted in the distributor for a minimum of one hour. The temperature of the asphalt rubber mixture shall be above 163°C, (325°F), during the reaction period.

2.2 Delays

When a job delay occurs after full reaction, the asphalt-rubber may be allowed to cool. The asphalt-rubber shall be reheated slowly just prior to application, but not to a temperature exceeding 204°C, (400°F). An additional quantity of ground rubber not exceeding 2% by weight of the hot asphalt-rubber mixture may be added after reheating.

2.3 Viscosity

Viscosities shall be run, by the asphalt-rubber supplier, on each blended load of asphalt-rubber using a Haake-type field viscometer. The viscosity of the final product shall be in the range of 1,500 to 5,000 cP @ 175 C (347 F).

3.0 EQUIPMENT
3.1 Mechanical Blender

A mechanical blender for proper proportioning and thorough mixing of the asphalt-cement and ground rubber is required. This unit shall be equipped with: an asphalt totaling meter (liters or gallons); a flow rate meter (liters per minute or gallons per minute); a positive displacement auger to feed the ground rubber properly to mixing chamber at the specified rate; and a static motionless mixer. The blender will have a separate asphalt cement feed pump and finished product pump to maximize production. The blender shall be capable of providing 100% proportional mix at any given time during the blending cycle and documentation from the manufacturer, supporting this, shall be submitted to the awarding authority if requested.

3.2 Distributor Truck

On projects exceeding 31.8 metric tons, (35 tons), of liquid asphalt rubber, at least two pressure-type bituminous distributor trucks in good condition will be required. The distributor shall be equipped with an internal heating device capable of heating the material evenly up to 218°C, (425° F); an internal mixing unit capable of maintaining a proper mixture of asphalt cement and ground rubber; have adequate pump capacity to maintain a high rate of circulation in the tank and to spray the asphalt-rubber at a viscosity of 1,000 to 5,000 centipoise; have adequate pressure devices and suitable manifolds to provide constant positive cut-off to prevent dripping from the nozzles. Distributor shall be equipped with an electronically controlled computerized compensation unit for controlling application rates at various width and speed changes. The application unit shall have electronic controls and a digital read out installed and operated from the inside of the cab of the distributor. The distribution bar on the distributor shall be fully circulating. Any distributor that produces a streaked or irregular distribution of the material shall be promptly repaired or removed from the project.

Distributor equipment shall include a tachometer, pressure gauges, volume measuring devices, and a thermometer for reading temperature of tank contents. Controls for spray bar shall be located in cab of truck, for controlling width and rate of spray of product. It shall be so constructed that uniform applications may be made at the specified rate per square meter with a tolerance of plus or minus 0.2 liters per square meter, (0.05 gal. / sq. yd).

A “bootman” shall accompany the distributor and ride in a position so that all spray bar nozzles are in his full view and readily accessible for unplugging.

3.3 Hauling Equipment

Trucks for hauling cover material shall be rear discharge conveyor-fed or “live bottom” trucks and shall be equipped with a device to lock onto the hitch at the rear of the chip spreader to prevent aggregate spillage. Sufficient hauling vehicles will be available to ensure continuous operation of the distributor and chip spreader.
3.4 Aggregate Spreader

The aggregate spreader shall be hydrostatically driven and self propelled. It must be equipped with a hydraulically controlled variable adjustable head that is capable of spreading stone in widths from 1.4 to 5.4 meters, (4.5 to 18 feet). The spreader shall be mounted on pneumatic tires, and shall apply the stone on the road surface in a manner that ensures that the tires do not contact the road surface until after the stone has been applied. The unit shall be equipped with an electronic radar type sensor used to measure ground speed and will automatically adjust the stone application rate depending on width of application and the speed of chip spreader. It shall have the ability to apply stone on any grade from 0 - 6%. The spreader shall be equipped with an integral hopper with a minimum capacity of 4.5 metric tons, (5 tons), of stone which shall be filled by trucks in a manner which ensures that the truck tires never come in contact with asphalt treated road surfaces until the stone has been properly applied. To maintain constant stone application, a self-locking truck hitch will permit towing of aggregate trucks without stopping the chip spreader. It will be capable of maintaining positive engagement over irregular terrain.

3.5 Pneumatic-Tired Roller

Two (2) self-propelled, multiple wheel, pneumatic-tired rollers shall be used and shall weigh between 6.5 and 10.9 metric tons, (7 and 12 tons), each roller shall have a total compacting width of at least 1.4 meters, (56 inches), have a minimum tire pressure of 414 kPa, (60 psi).

3.6 Steel-Wheel Roller

One (1) self-propelled, 2-axle (tandem) steel-wheel roller shall be used and shall weigh between 7.3 and 10.9 metric tons, (8 and 12 tons), and be equipped with scrapers, wetting pads and watering system. Combination pneumatic and steel drum-type rollers are acceptable, as one unit only.

4.0 CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES

4.1 Preparation

Potholes, other areas of pavement failure, and major depressions in the existing pavement surface shall be repaired by the owner with asphalt concrete. A leveling course shall be placed on planed, milled or existing surface by the owner, if required.

One to seven days prior to application of the asphalt-rubber, the surface shall be thoroughly cleaned by sweeping. Contractor shall be responsible for covering all utility irons just prior to application and uncovering after aggregate is spread.

4.2 Seasonal and Weather Limitations
The asphalt-rubber shall not be applied when weather conditions are unfavorable to obtaining a uniform spread. Construction shall proceed only when the atmospheric temperature is at least 10°C, (50°F), and rising. No water shall be present on the road surface.

4.3 Application

The asphalt-rubber mixture shall be applied at a temperature of 177° to 218°C, (350°F to 425°F), at a rate of 2.5 to 2.9 liters per square meter, (0.55 to 0.65 gallons per square yard). The target rate shall be determined by a design based on aggregate properties, traffic criteria and pavement condition.

Longitude joints shall be reasonably true to line and parallel to centerline. Where any construction joint occurs, the edges shall be broomed back and blended so there are no gaps and the elevations are the same, and free from ridges and depressions. Longitudinal joints shall be overlapped from 10.2 to 15.2 centimeters, (4 to 6 inches).

During application, adequate provision shall be made to prevent marring and discoloration of adjacent pavements, structures, vehicles, foliage or personal property.

4.4 Aggregate Application

The application of aggregate shall follow as close as possible behind the application of the hot asphalt-rubber which shall not be spread further in advance of the aggregate spread that can be immediately covered. Construction equipment or other vehicles shall not drive on the uncovered asphalt-rubber. The hot-precoated aggregate shall be spread uniformly by a self-propelled spreader at a rate of 16.3 – 21.7 kilograms per square meter (30 - 40 pounds per square yard). The target rate shall be determined by a design based on aggregate properties. Any deficient areas shall be covered with additional material.

4.5 Rolling

A minimum of three (3) rollers shall be used for aggregate compaction into the hot asphalt-rubber. Two rollers must be pneumatic-tired and one must be steel-wheel. Rolling shall commence immediately following spread of aggregate. There shall be at least three coverages by the pneumatic-tired rollers to embed the aggregate particles firmly into the asphalt-rubber. A coverage shall be as many passes as are necessary to cover the entire width being spread with a pass being one movement of a roller in either direction. Additional coverage of the steel-wheel roller will follow.

4.6 Sweeping

When the maximum amount of aggregate has been embedded into the asphalt-rubber and the pavement has cooled, all loose material shall be swept or otherwise removed. This will be done at a time and in a manner which, will not displace any embedded aggregate or damage the asphalt-rubber. Pre and post sweeping is completed with two sweepers.
4.7 **Pilot Car**

When necessary, contractor will supply.

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5.0 **METHOD OF MEASUREMENT AND BASIS OF PAYMENT**

5.1 **SAM OR SAMI**

Stress Absorbing Membrane or Stress Absorbing Membrane Interlayer will be measured by the square meter / square yard and shall be the actual number of square meters / square yards applied. Price per square meter / square yard shall be full compensation for all labor, materials and equipment required to complete the work in accordance with these specifications.

5.2 **Other Work**

Measurement of and payment for other work such as patching, leveling, sweeping and crack sealing shall be bid as separate item(s).
**BASE BID:** Asphalt Rubber Surface Treatment applied to town prepared roadways in accordance with the attached specifications.

Price per Square Yard $ _________________________

**OPTION # 1:** Contractor shall provide Pre and Post sweeping of the roadways.

Price per Square Yard $ _________________________

**OPTION # 2:** Contractor shall provide all necessary crack sealing to the roadways prior to the Surface Treatment.

Price per Square Yard $ _________________________

Bidder: ________________________________ Phone: ______________________

Address: ________________________________ Fax: ______________________

Signature: ________________________________

Printed Name & Title: ________________________________

Date: _________________

REFERENCE LIST

ASPHALT-RUBBER SURFACE TREATMENT
WITH AGGREGATE COVER
STRESS ABSORBING MEMBRANE - SAM
STRESS ABSORBING MEMBRANE INTERLAYER - SAMI
0395

Please list six similar projects that have been completed.

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